Abbot Beyne School Learning Framework

Subject	Pedagogical	Relationships	Behaviour	Technological
Knowledge	Knowledge		for Learning	Knowledge
 Having deep and fluent knowledge and flexible understanding of the content you are teaching Knowledge of the requirements of curriculum sequencing and dependencies in relation to the content and ideas you are teaching Knowledge of relevant curriculum tasks, assessments and activities, their diagnostic and didactic potential; being able to generate varied explanations and multiple representations/analogies/ examples for the ideas you are teaching Knowledge of common student strategies, misconceptions and sticking points in relation to the content you are teaching 	Structuring: giving students an appropriate sequence of learning tasks; signalling learning objectives, rationale, overview, key ideas and stages of progress; matching tasks to learners' needs and readiness; scaffolding and supporting to make tasks accessible to all, but gradually removed so that all students succeed at the required level Explaining: presenting and communicating new ideas clearly, with concise, appropriate, engaging explanations; connecting new ideas to what has previously been learnt (and re-activating/checking that prior knowledge); using examples (and non-examples) appropriately to help learners understand and build connections; modelling/demonstrating new skills or procedures with appropriate scaffolding and challenge; using worked/part-worked examples Ourstioning: using questions and dialogue to promote elaboration and connected, flexible thinking among learners (e.g., 'Why?', 'Compare', etc.); using questions to elicit student thinking; getting responses from all students; using high-quality assessment to evidence learning; interpreting, communicating and responding to assessment evidence appropriately to feedback to guide their learning. Embedding: giving students tasks that embed and reinforce learning; requiring them to practise until learning is fluent and secure; ensuring that oncelearning is fluent and secure; ensuring that oncelearning is reviewed/revisited to prevent forgetting.	<text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text>	<text><text><text></text></text></text>	 Use the iPad to support, enhance and transform learning and teaching through: Distributing a range of digital resources to support and stretch students Collecting student work digitally Using effective methods of feedback (e.g. voice feedback, whole class feedback) Checking students' understanding and addressing misconceptions Enabling retrieval practice of key terms and concepts Accessing dynamic, interactive and media-rich resources that are relevant to the world Providing opportunities for students to collaborate digitally with a shared purpose Empowering students to explore and discover the world, make mistakes, find solutions and express their ideas and understanding in original ways

appropriately from structured to more independent learning as students develop knowledge and

expertise